Shaping the Future: Purposeful Participation with Children & Young People









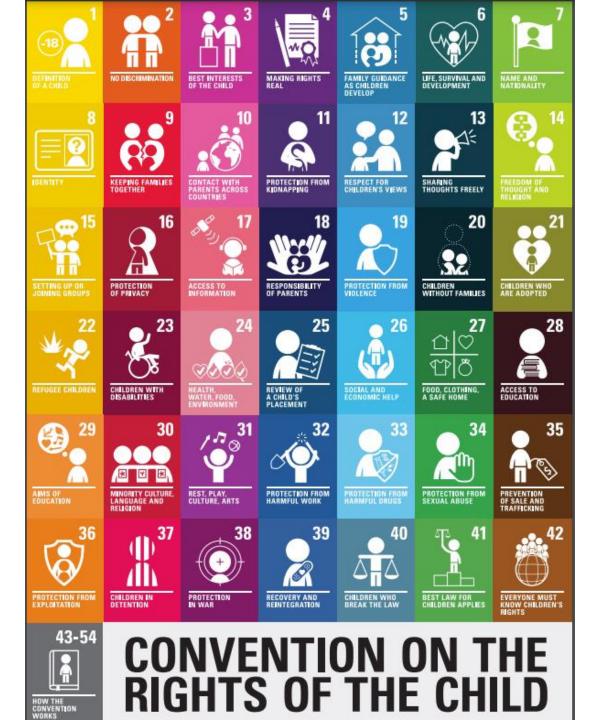


Pushing beyond listening to & hearing voice(s) to purposeful child & youth participation



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(www.unicef.ie)

RESPECT FOR CHILDREN'S VIEWS

- States Parties shall assure to the child who is capable of forming his or her own views the *right to express those views freely in all matters affecting the child*, the views of the child being given *due weight* in accordance with the age and maturity of the child.
- For this purpose, the child shall in particular be provided the *opportunity* to be heard in any judicial and administrative proceedings affecting the child, either directly, or through a representative or an appropriate body, in a manner consistent with the procedural rules of national law

Why is today important?

Recent report from OCO marking 20 years:

Overall young people (12-18yrs) don't feel their opinions are considered when decisions are being made about their lives

- 38% rarely
- 19% never (OCO, 2024, Tomorrow Starts with Us)





Only 7% of young people think their opinions are considered by politicians and policy makers.





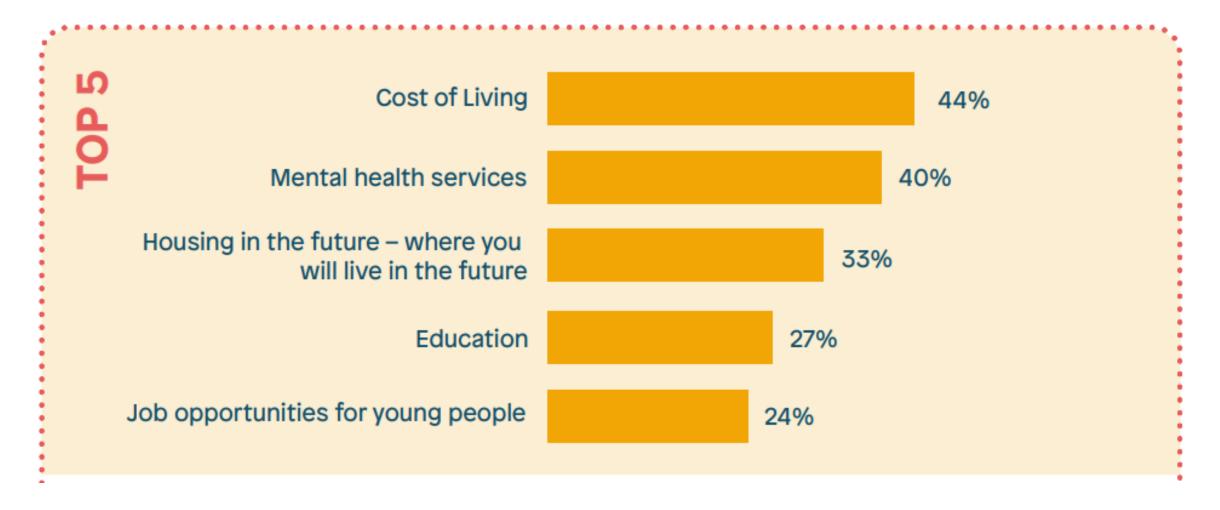


- 83% seeking more involvement in making decisions about schooling
- 36% rarely or never listened to in school
- 18% believe young people's opinions considered when making decisions about their lives

(OCO, 2024, Tomorrow Starts with Us)

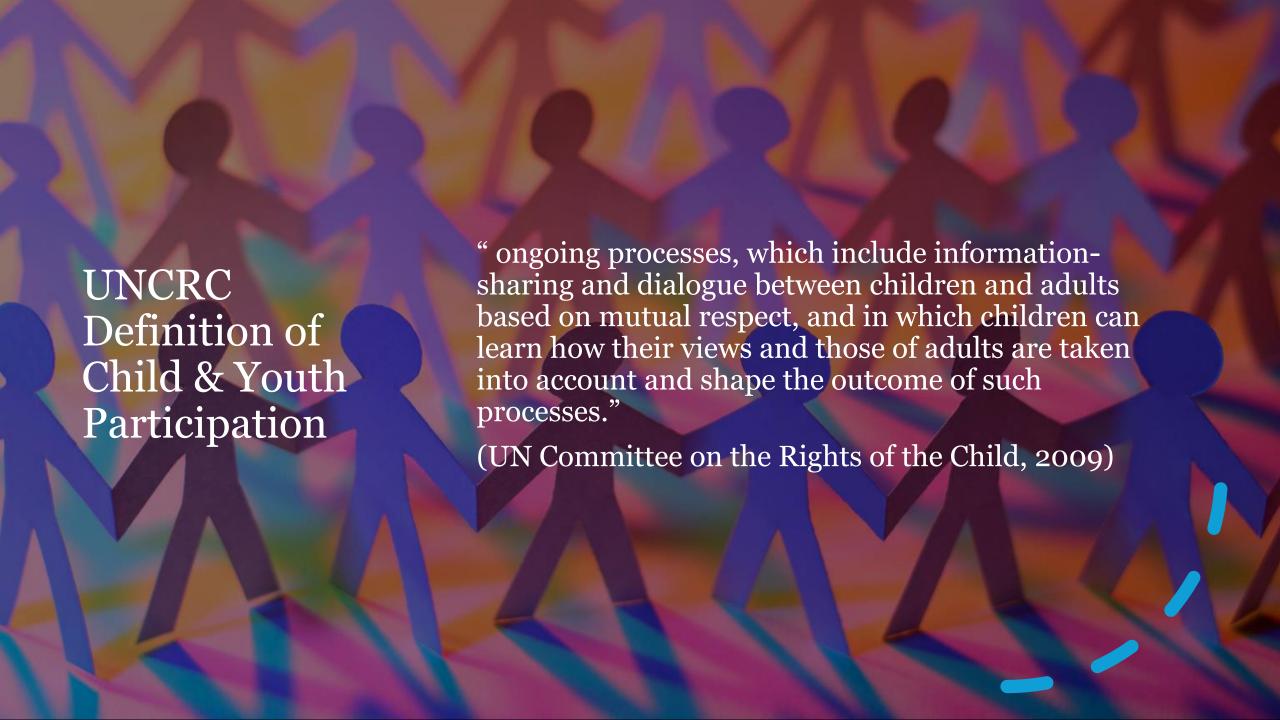


Issues Impacting Young People



Children's Rights Alliance Report Card '24

Government Commitment, June 2020	2023	2024	Government Commitment, June 2020	2023	2024
Reform the childcare system	B+	A-	Introduce a Public Health Obesity Act	D	D-
Establish a central agency, Childcare Ireland	С	С	Reduce the number of homeless families	D-	D-
Commence a free school books pilot	В	A-	Develop a National Youth Homelessness Strategy	В	B-
Introduce national monitoring of reduced school days	B-	В	End the Direct Provision system and replace it with a not-for-profit accommodation model	D	D
Ensure each child with a special educational need has an appropriate school place	С	B-	Create new pathways for long-term undocumented people and their children	B+	В
Undertake an independent assessment of the education inclusion pilot for Traveller and Roma children	D+	D+	Enact the Harassment and Harmful Communications Bill	Α	-
End the admission of children to adult psychiatric units	E	E	Enact the Online Safety and Media Regulation Bill and establish an Online Safety Commissioner		A
Address food poverty in children	C+	В	Enact a Family Court Bill and build a new Family Court Building	C+	C-



Defining Youth Participation

Embedded within the UNCRC

Rights-based approach focused on the individual

Important to consider the relational and contextual factors impacting youth participation & voice

(Horgan & Kennan, 2021)

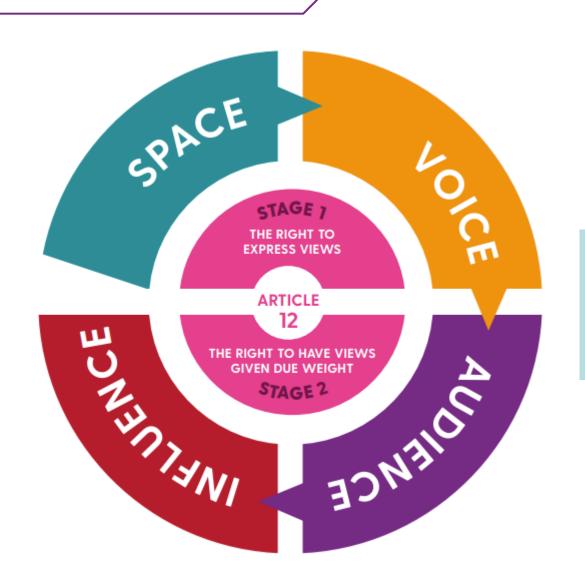
Participation with purpose – children are given genuine opportunity to influence outcomes

"Participation is always imperfect"

(Lundy, 2018)



Lundy's Model



Space

Children and young people must be given safe, inclusive opportunities to form and express their views

Voice

Children and young people must be facilitated to express their views

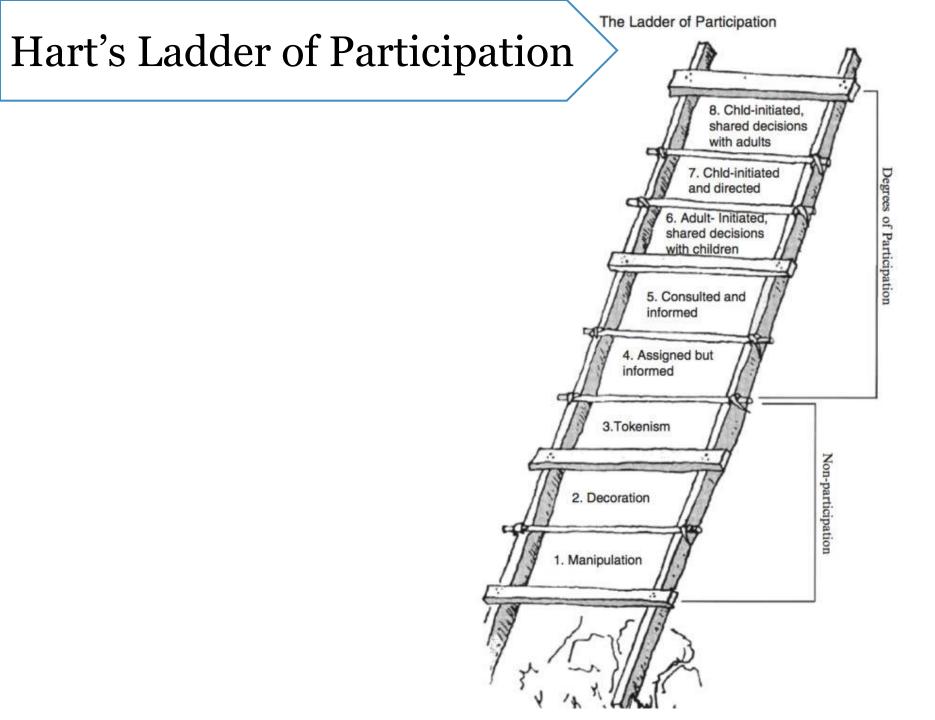
Audience

The views must be listened to

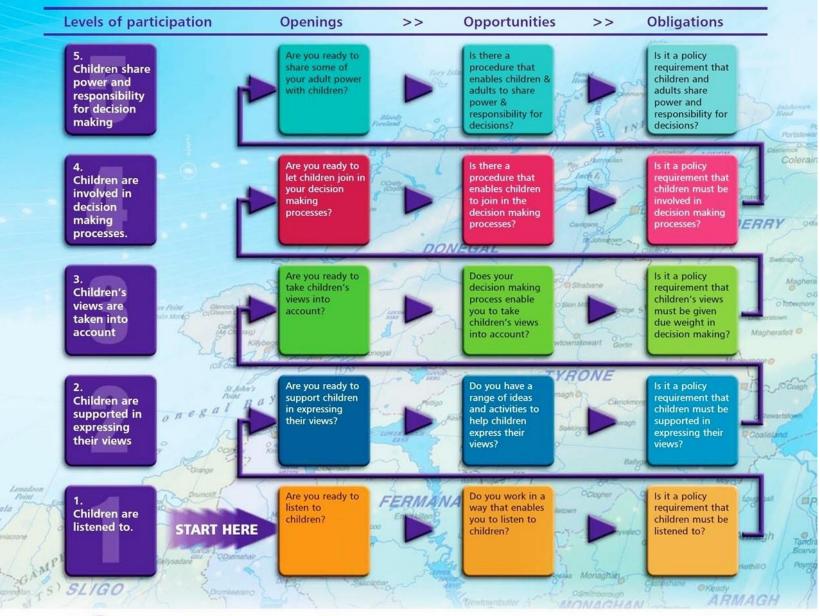
Influence

The views must be acted upon, as appropriate

(Lundy, 2007) (www.hubnanog.ie)



Shier Pathways to Participation (2001)















EDUCARING FROM THE HEART

How to Nurture Your Wellbeing and Rediscover Your Purpose in Education

DEIRDRE McGILLICUDDY



Empowering Voice(s)

Democratic approach to working with children/ young people by

Listening

Hearing

Acting Upon

EDUCARE Principles for Voice(s)/Participation are:

Valued

Openhearted

Inclusive

Collaborative

Enacted

Supported



(Powell & Smith, 2009; NSW ACYP, 2015; van Bijleveld, Dedding & Bunders-Aelen, 2015)

Benefits of Participation for Organisations

New insights into variety of issues

Development of more effective policies & practices

More accurate decision making

Strengthen relationships

Child/Young person better embedded into service

Inclusive & responsive policy making

More effective, relevant & sustainable public services

(CoE, 2020; NSW Advocate for Children and Young People (NSW ACYP), 2015; van Bijleveld, et al., 2013)

Benefits of Participation for Facilitators

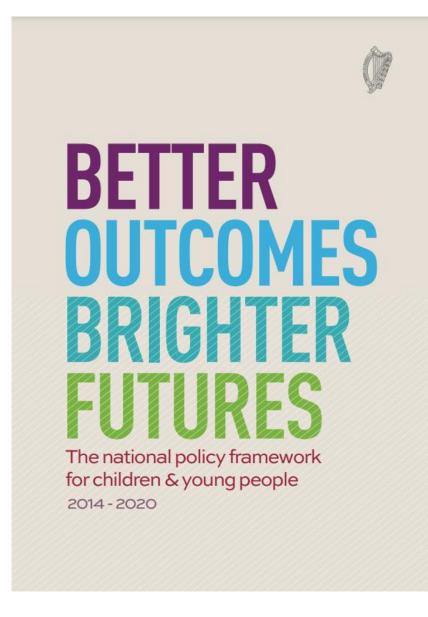
A positive experience while feeling a sense of contributing to

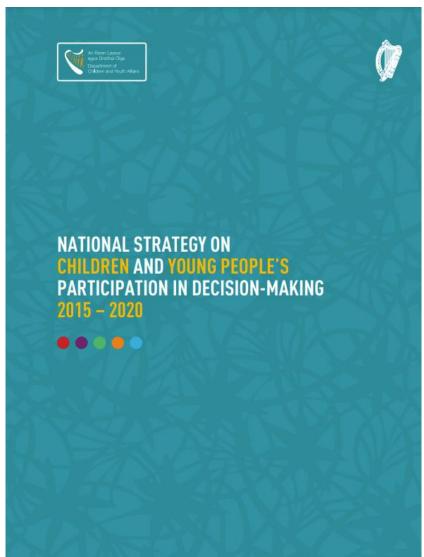
- Enhancement of quality of service provision
- Child's sense of belonging
- Enhancing child's self-esteem
- Increasing empathy and sense of responsibility
- Promoting and implementing more democratic approaches in society and strengthening democracy





Irish Policy – Enabling Participation for Children & Young People







Irish Policy – Enabling Participation for Children & Young People





National Policy Framework for Children and Young People 2023-2028





NO.	OWNER	ACTION	TIMELINE
1.1	All Departments	Embed the voice of children and young people in decision-making and the development of policy, legislation and research.	2023-2028
1.2	Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth	Build capacity through the provision of training, education, resources and supports.	2023-2028
1.3	Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth working with the Department of Rural and Community Development; Local Authorities; Department of Education	Embed the voice of children and young people in their communities.	2023-2028
1.4	Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth working with the Department of Tourism, Culture, Arts, the Gaeltacht, Sport and Media; Department of Education; Coimisiún na Meán	Embed the voice of children and young people in decision-making in education, health and social services, legal processes, and online.	2023-2028
1.5	Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth	Promote the voice of children and young people in decision-making in their homes.	2023-2028

Participation with purpose

- Two distinct but interrelated factors
 - purpose or objective of your organisation and
 - purpose or objective of involving children and young people in decision-making
- Give young people a voice on
 - (a) the everyday activities and practices or
 - (b) development of projects, programmes, services or policies
- Ongoing process
- Mutual respect children as experts in their own lives; adults also holding expertise



- Transparent and informative
- Voluntary
- Respectful
- Relevant
- Child-friendly
- Inclusive
- Supported by training
- Safe and sensitive to risk
- Accountable

National Policy – DECDIY Key Action Areas

- embed the voice of children and young people in decision-making and in the development of policy, legislation and research across government;
- build capacity across all sectors relevant to the lives of children and young people in order to include them in decision-making;
- promote the inclusion of children and young people in decision-making in their communities and in their homes;
- embed the voice of children and young people in decision-making in the education system;
- ensure that children and young people are included in decision-making in the health and social services that they receive;
- enable decision-making in court and in the courts system to include the voice of children and young people;
- support the safe, equitable participation of children and young people in decision-making online; and
- develop participation structures that are inclusive, accessible and safe for all children and young people, including those who need additional supports in order to engage and participate.



Participation of Children and Young People in Decision-making ACTION PLAN 2024-2028

Who participates is critically important. Important to include seldom-heard voices in decision making Among others, these include: • LGBTI+ children and young people, Those with disabilities, Those from ethnic minorities, · Traveller and Roma children and young people, Young carers Barriers can include: Language barriers Access barriers (including digital access) Communication barriers Cultural barriers (DCEDIY, 2021, 2024)









Scoping Document on the Inclusion of Disabled Children and Young People in Participation in Decision-Making

Prepared by researchers from the School of Inclusive and Special Education, Institute of Education, Dublin City University for the Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth.

October 2024 gov.ie

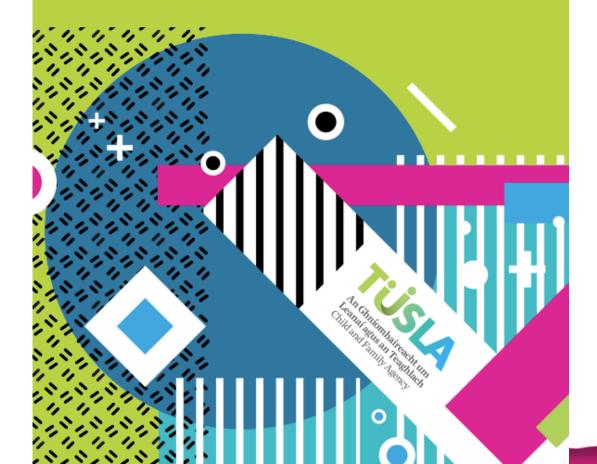
Key considerations

- Empowering children & young people through information & education
- Presume capacity to participate in decisionmaking
- Acknowledge individual identities and experiences
- Give children/young people choice
- Safe and inclusive spaces
- Inclusive language
- Predictability & familiarity
- Build trust and be open minded
- Be generous with your time
- Consider multiple ways of communicating

(Kazmierczak-Murray, O'Mahony & Carey, 2024)

Child and Youth Participation Strategy 2019-2023

Tusla Policy



Tusla's VISION
for Child and Youth
Participation

Tusla is a champion of child and youth participation

Design and deliver supportive structures to ensure the participation of children and young people

Tusla's MISSION for Child and Youth Participation

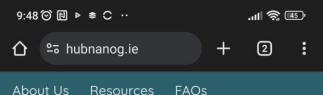
Tusla's AIM
for Child and Youth
Participation

Every time a
decision is taken that
directly affects a child or
young person, individually
or collectively, their
views are taken into
consideration



Tusla – Supporting Participation

- Committed to developing participatory practice across all levels of the organization
- Website provides information, resources and supports to support child/youth participation
- https://www.tusla.ie/services/fa mily-community-support/tuslachild-and-youth-participation/







Young Voices in Decision-making

Hub na nóg is the national centre of excellence and coordination in children and young people's participation in decision making. We support government departments, state agencies, public service and non-government organisations in providing opportunities for children and young people to participate in decision-making, with a particular focus on those that are seldom-heard.

About Hub na nÓg

View Participation Framework

Planning Checklist

This checklist guides you on how to listen to children and young people and involve them in decision-making when you are developing policies, plans, services, programmes, governance, research and legislation at national, local and organisational level.

You should inform children and young people that they have the right to a voice in decision-making and that you will take their views seriously.

Ck

- How will you ensure that children and young people are involved as early as possible?
- How will their involvement be sustained?
- How will those who have been, or may be, directly affected by the topic be involved?
- What steps will be taken to ensure the process is inclusive and accessible?
- How will they be supported to feel safe and comfortable expressing themselves?
- What support will be provided to those who become anxious, upset or uncomfortable?
- How will children and young people be informed about the scope they have (including the limitations) to influence decision-making?
- How will they be given age-appropriate and accessible feedback at key points during the development of a service or policy?
- What are your plans to make sure that children and young people's views impact on decisions?
- How will they be given age-appropriate and accessible feedback explaining how their views were used and the reasons for the decisions taken, in a timely manner?
- How will you ensure that they are given opportunities to evaluate the process throughout?

- Have you made a clear list of the topics on which you want to hear the views of children and young people?
- How will you ensure that the key focus of the process stays on the topics you identified?
- How will they know that participation is voluntary and that they can withdraw at any time?
- How will you support them in giving their own views, while including age-appropriate and accessible information?
- How will you ensure that they are given a range of ways to express themselves that best suits their needs and choices?
- How will the process allow them to identify topics they want to discuss?
- How will children and young people know to whom, how and when their views will be communicated?
- How will you show your commitment to being informed and influenced by their views?
- How will you identify and involve relevant decision-makers (those responsible for influencing change)?
- How and when will a report/record and a child or youth friendly summary of their views be compiled?
- How will you ensure that they are given an opportunity to confirm that their views are accurately recorded?
- What plans are in place to support them to play a role in communicating their own views?

Evaluation Checklist

This checklist is a guide for the self-evaluation and external evaluation of policies, plans, services, programmes, governance, research and legislation at national, local and organisational level.

PCK

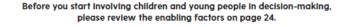
- How did you ensure that children and young people were involved as early as possible?
- How was their involvement sustained?
 How were those who are directly
- affected by the topic involved?
- What steps were taken to ensure the process was inclusive and accessible?
- How were they supported to feel safe and comfortable expressing themselves?
- What support was provided to those who became anxious, upset or uncomfortable?

- Did you make a clear list of the topics on which you want to hear the views of children and young people?
- How did you ensure that the key focus of the process stayed on the topics you identified?
- How did they know that participation was voluntary and they could withdraw at any time?
- How did you support them to give their own views, while including age-appropriate and accessible information?
- How did you ensure that they were given a range of ways to express themselves that best suited their needs and choices?
- How did the process allow them to identify topics they wanted to discuss?
- How were children and young people informed about the scope they have (including the limitations) to influence decision-making?
- How were they given age-appropriate and accessible feedback at key points during the development of a service or policy?
- · What did you do with their views?
- How were they given age-appropriate and accessible feedback explaining how their views were used and the reasons for the decisions taken, in a timely manner?
- How did you ensure that they were given opportunities to evaluate the process throughout?

- How did children and young people know to whom, how and when their views would be communicated?
- How did you show that you were committed to being informed and influenced by their views?
- How did you identify and involve relevant decision-makers (those responsible for influencing change)?
- How and when was a report/record and a child or youth-friendly summary of their views compiled?
- How did you ensure that they were given an opportunity to confirm that their
- views were accurately recorded?
 What plans were put in place to
- support children and young people to play a role in communicating their own views?







Closing the Loop - Lundy's 4 Fs Feedback process

Sufficiently **full**:

 Comprehensive feedback on decisions on why their views have/have not been accepted

Appropriately child-**friendly**:

 Feedback should be presented in a format and language children/young people understand

Fast:

• Giving feedback as soon as possible is critical

Followed-up:

• Providing ongoing feedback on progress regarding decisions made

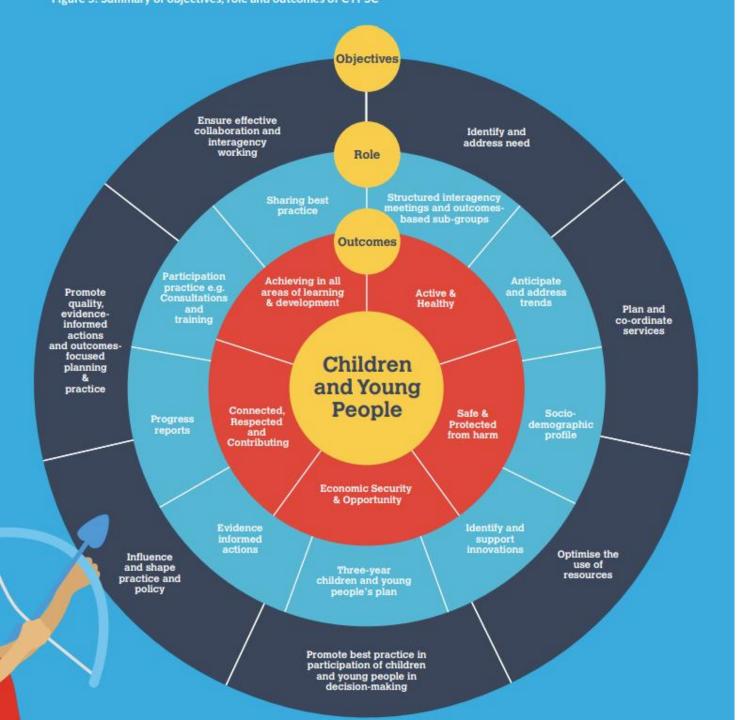
Importance of Interagency Work

Ombudsman for children's key priority for the 34th Dáil Term

1. Take a more child centred approach across Government. This means fully incorporating the UNCRC into law and stop making excuses for lack of interagency cooperation. Agencies and department of the State must work better in the best interests of children.

A call for the government to:

• Empower children to become involved in decision-making at all levels, respecting their views and ensuring their voices are heard.

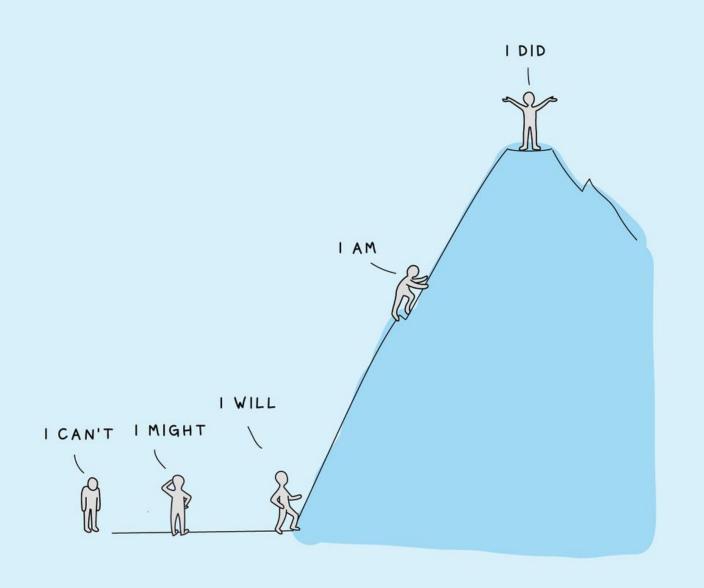


To Consider....

How can CYPSC enhance participation with purpose;

- placing it at the core of the work such as policy and strategy?
- foregrounding it as an everyday working principle with children & young people?
- evaluating the in/actioning of young peoples' voice(s)?
- providing feedback to children/young people?
- monitoring impact over time?

(CYPSC, 'Shared Vision, Next Steps' 2019–2024)



Invitation to set an intention...

What is your "will"?

